
Technical Procedure for Firearm Examination

1.0 Purpose – To outline the procedures for examination of firearm evidence.

2.0 Scope – This procedure applies to cases submitted to the Firearms Unit that contain firearms.

3.0 Definitions

- **Action** – The working mechanism of a firearm. Examples include automatic, semiautomatic, lever, bolt, etc.
- **Active safety** – A safety system that requires direct manual manipulation by the user.
- **Ammunition** – One or more loaded cartridges consisting of a primed case, propellant, and with one or more projectiles.
- **Autoloading firearm** – A firearm that uses the energy of discharge to perform the loading portion of the operating cycle.
- **Automatic firearm** – A firearm design that feeds cartridges, fires, extracts and ejects cartridge cases as long as the trigger is fully depressed and there are cartridges in the feed system.
- **Barrel length** – The distance between the end of the barrel and the face of the closed breechblock or bolt. On revolvers, it is the length of the barrel including the threaded portion within the frame.
- **Breechblock** – The locking and cartridge head support mechanism of a firearm that does not operate in line with the axis of the bore.
- **Caliber (Firearm)** – The approximate diameter of the circle formed by the tops of the lands of a rifled barrel.
- **Cartridge** – A single unit of ammunition consisting of the case, primer, and propellant with one or more projectile(s). Also applies to a shotshell.
- **Cartridge case** – The container for all other components which comprise a cartridge.
- **Chamber** – The rear part of the barrel bore that has been formed to accept a specific cartridge.
- **Cock** – To place a firing mechanism under spring tension.
- **Compensator** – A device attached to or integral with the muzzle end of the barrel to utilize propelling gases for counter-recoil.
- **Cylinder** – The rotatable part of a revolver that contains the chambers.
- **Double action** – A handgun mechanism in which a single pull of the trigger cocks and releases the hammer.
- **Ejection pattern** – The charting of locations where a particular firearm ejects fired cartridge cases.
- **Ejection port** – An opening in the receiver and/or slide to allow ejection.
- **Ejector** – A portion of a firearm's mechanism which ejects or expels cartridges or cartridge cases from a firearm.
- **Extractor** – A mechanism for withdrawing the cartridge or cartridge case from the chamber.
- **Firearm** – An assembly of a barrel and action from which a projectile(s) is propelled by products of combustion.
- **Flare** – The circular gray-black deposits around the face of the chambers of a revolver produced by gunpowder residues upon discharge.
- **Flash suppressor** – A muzzle attachment designed to reduce muzzle flash.
- **Gauge** – The number of round lead balls of bore diameter that equal one pound. Thus, 12 gauge is the diameter of a round lead ball weighing 1/12 pound.
- **Groove** – The lowered portion between the lands in a rifled bore.
- **Hammer** – A component of the firing mechanism which gives impulse to the firing pin or primer.
- **Hammer notch** – A groove in a hammer which engages a firing or safety component.

- **Hand** – The lever that rotates a revolver cylinder.
- **Land** – The raised portion between the grooves in a rifled bore.
- **Lock** – The action, either manual or automatic, of locking or supporting the bolt of a firearm immediately prior to firing.
- **Magazine** – A container for cartridges which has a spring and follower to feed cartridges into the chamber of a firearm.
- **Muzzle** – The end of a firearm barrel from which the bullet or shot emerges.
- **Muzzle velocity** – The velocity of a projectile as it exits the muzzle of a firearm.
- **Ogive** – The curved forward part of a bullet.
- **Overall length** – The dimension measured parallel to the axis of the bore of a firearm from the muzzle to a line perpendicular to the axis and tangent to the rearmost point of the butt plate or grip.
- **Passive safety** – A safety system that does not require direct manual manipulation by the user.
- **Pistol** – A handgun in which the chamber is part of the barrel.
- **Ratchet** – A notched wheel on the rear of a revolver cylinder which causes the cylinder to rotate when force is applied by a lever (hand).
- **Receiver** – The basic unit of a firearm which houses the firing and breech mechanism and to which the barrel and stock are assembled.
- **Revolver** – A firearm, usually a handgun, with a cylinder having several chambers so arranged as to rotate around an axis and be discharged successively by the same firing mechanism.
- **Sear** – A component which retains the hammer or striker in the cocked position until the trigger is pulled.
- **Semiautomatic firearm** – A repeating firearm requiring a separate pull of the trigger for each shot fired, and which uses the energy of discharge to perform a portion of the operating or firing cycle (usually the loading portion).
- **Single action** – An action requiring the manual cocking of the hammer before sufficient pressure on the trigger releases the firing mechanism.
- **Slide** – A component attached to and reciprocating with the breechblock.
- **Striker** – A rod-like firing pin or a separate component which impinges on the firing pin.
- **Suppressor** – A type of silencer which reduces muzzle blast by decreasing the velocity of escaping gases, but maintains a bullet's high velocity.
- **Trigger pull** – The amount of force which must be applied to the trigger of a firearm to cause sear release.

4.0 Equipment, Materials and Reagents

- Stereomicroscope
- Comparison microscope
- Comparison microscope reference bullet
- Sper Scientific Digital Sound Meter
- Sper Scientific Acoustical Calibrator
- Oehler Chronograph
- NRA approved weight set
- Hott-Rods™
- NIST-traceable rulers
- DMD-48
- DMD-48 calibration rod
- Vertical water tank
- Horizontal water tank

- Cotton boxes (5' and 12')
- Kevlar bullet chamber
- Firearm Reference Collection
- Firearms Reference Table (Royal Canadian Mounted Police)
- ATF Serial Number Structure Guide
- NRA Fact Book
- Ultrasonic cleaner
- Engraver
- IBIS envelopes
- Cotton-tipped swabs
- Ethanol, acetone
- White evidence tags
- Dummy rounds
- Shotshell firing pin tester kit, primers
- Plastic/nylon tie
- Tape measures
- Protractor
- 9-volt batteries
- Alkaline 9-volt battery
- Rubber block backstop
- Snail® system bullet trap
- Parachute or drop cloth
- Plumb bob
- Personal protective equipment

5.0 Procedure

5.1 Firearm Examination

5.1.1 Item Preparation

- 5.1.1.1 Prior to analysis, ensure that any additional examinations (e.g., Forensic Biology, Trace, Latent, etc.) that must be completed before analysis by the Firearms Unit have been completed.
- 5.1.1.2 Thoroughly examine all firearms to ensure they are unloaded and safe.
 - 5.1.1.2.1 If the firearm is received loaded, and if the position of fired and live rounds is germane to the case, those positions shall be noted. On revolvers, mark the position of the chamber under the hammer by marking the cylinder on each side of the top strap, then note the relationship of the other cartridges/cartridge cases in relationship to the chamber under the hammer.
- 5.1.1.3 Visually inspect the firearm for possible trace evidence such as hair, fibers, wood, etc. Note the location on the firearm where the trace material was found. Carefully remove the material and place in a container suitable for return to the submitting

agency or submission to the appropriate Laboratory Section for further examination.

5.1.1.3.1 If the trace material is not to be retained, indicate such in the case notes.

5.1.1.4 Firearms that are contaminated with potentially bio-hazardous material may be cleaned with a soft bristle brush and a disinfectant such as Terg-A-Zyme, Hibiclens, and/or ethanol.

5.1.1.5 Firearms may generally be cleaned with a cotton-tipped swab saturated with ethanol or acetone. Firearms may also be cleaned in an ultrasonic cleaner.

5.1.1.6 Mark all evidence firearms for identification.

5.1.1.6.1 Do not engrave police officers' service firearms. Use a white plastic numbered evidence tag for police officers' firearms.

5.1.2 Safe Firearm Handling

5.1.2.1 Treat all firearms as if they were loaded.

5.1.2.2 Always point firearms in safe direction.

5.1.2.3 Never load live rounds in a firearm in an office or examination room.

5.1.3 Physical Characteristics Examination

5.1.3.1 A separate entry shall be completed in FA for each evidence firearm.

5.1.3.2 IBIS only cases are not required to use the specific Firearms Worksheet as long as all information is entered into the case file.

5.1.3.3 Features of firearms that shall be noted, if applicable, include:

- Make/manufacturer
- Importer
- Model
- Serial number
- Firearm type
- Action type
- Caliber/gauge (can measure bore diameter)
- Finish and grip description
- Magazine/cylinder capacity
- Magazine type
- Cylinder direction
- Firing pin shape
- Bore condition
- General Rifling Characteristics (GRCs):

Number of lands and grooves
Width of lands and grooves (see Technical Procedure for Fired Projectile Examination)
Direction of twist

- Safeties and their conditions
- Extractor and/or ejector position
- Rust, wear, damage

5.1.3.3.1 The Forensic Scientist may use the Firearm Reference Collection, the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Firearms Reference Table, firearm industry contacts, and/or the ATF Serial Number Structure Guide in an attempt to determine information such as make/manufacture, importer, model, serial number location and structure, caliber, etc., that cannot be located on the evidence firearm.

5.1.3.3.2 Use dummy rounds whenever possible for determining capacity.

5.1.3.3.3 The Forensic Scientist may assign a “K” number to submitted magazines. If a “K” number is assigned, it shall be recorded in the case notes.

5.1.3.3.4 The Forensic Scientist shall note if a magazine submitted with the firearm does not fit the firearm. If the Forensic Scientist determines the type/manufacture of the firearm that the magazine does fit, it shall be noted in the case notes.

5.1.3.4 Bore/Chamber Casting

5.1.3.4.1 Occasionally, firearms are received for which the caliber may not be known or which may be different from that designated on the firearm and in the industry literature. In order to facilitate firing of test shots that are the correct caliber for a particular firearm, it may be necessary to make a bore and/or chamber cast. By measuring the cast, the correct cartridge may be determined for test firing.

5.1.3.4.2 If a firearm cannot be test fired or the land and groove impressions of the test fired bullets cannot be accurately measured, it may be necessary to make a bore cast. The cast may then be measured to determine land and groove widths.

5.1.3.4.3 Casts can be made using various casting materials such as Mikrosil™ and silicone rubber compounds.

5.1.3.5 Trigger Pull Determinations

5.1.3.5.1 Verify that the firearm is unloaded.

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- 5.1.3.5.2** Measuring the trigger pull of a rimfire firearm shall not be performed on an empty chamber. Dummy rounds shall be used for this examination.
- 5.1.3.5.3** Using an NRA-approved weight set, trigger pulls shall be measured using the dead weight method with the barrel of the firearm perpendicular to the floor.
- 5.1.3.5.4** Reset the sear connection after each attempt.
- 5.1.3.5.5 Single Action Trigger Pull**
- 5.1.3.4.5.1** The firearm shall be cocked in the single action mode. For revolvers, measure the trigger pull on every chamber.
- 5.1.3.4.5.2** Record in pounds the greatest amount of weight the trigger can carry without releasing the hammer/striker from sear engagement. Record this number in the “greater than” (>) block in the case notes. This shall be recorded in no less than ¼ pound increments.
- 5.1.3.4.5.3** Record in pounds the least amount of weight the trigger can carry that releases the hammer/striker from sear engagement. Record this number in the “less than or equal to” (≤) block in the case notes. This shall be recorded in no less than ¼ pound increments.
- 5.1.3.4.5.4** The difference between the “greater than” weight and the “less than or equal to” weight shall be no less than one (1) pound. E.g., “greater than five (5.0) pounds but less than or equal to six (6.0) pounds” or “greater than seven and a half (7.5) pounds but less than or equal to eight and a half (8.5) pounds.”
- 5.1.3.4.6 Double Action Trigger Pull**
- 5.1.3.4.6.1** The firearm shall be in the double action mode with the hammer at rest and the safeties disengaged. For revolvers, measure trigger pull on every chamber.
- 5.1.3.4.6.2** Record in pounds the greatest amount of weight the trigger can carry without releasing the hammer/striker from sear engagement. Record this number in the “greater than” (>) block in the case notes. This shall be recorded in no less than ¼ pound increments.
- 5.1.3.4.6.3** Record in pounds the least amount of weight the trigger can carry that actuates the internal mechanisms of the firearm and releases the hammer/striker from sear

engagement. Record this number in the “less than or equal to” (\leq) block in the case notes. This shall be recorded in no less than $\frac{1}{4}$ pound increments.

- 5.1.3.4.6.4** The difference between the “greater than” weight and the “less than or equal to” weight shall be no less than one (1) pound (e.g., “greater than five (5.0) pounds, but less than or equal to six (6.0) pounds” or “greater than seven and a half (7.5) pounds, but less than or equal to eight and a half (8.5) pounds”).

5.1.3.5 Barrel and Overall Length Determinations

- 5.1.3.5.1** The barrel and overall lengths of any long gun that has had its barrel or stock shortened shall be measured.

- 5.1.3.5.2** These lengths shall include compensators, flash suppressors, or any other permanently affixed attachments to the muzzle of a firearm.

- 5.1.3.5.2.1** If the compensator or flash suppressor is removable, it shall be detached before measuring barrel length.

- 5.1.3.5.3** The barrel and overall lengths shall be measured using the DMD-48. Alternatively, with approval by the Forensic Scientist Manager or designee the barrel length may also be measured using a NIST-traceable rod (Hott-Rod™) and the overall length may be measured using a NIST-traceable ruler.

5.1.3.5.4 DMD-48 Procedure

- 5.1.3.5.4.1** The DMD-48 shall be zeroed and performance checked prior to being used in casework by the Forensic Scientist who will use it. The performance check shall be conducted prior to use by the Forensic Scientist each day it will be used in casework and for each separate case in which the DMD-48 will be used. If a performance check is conducted and the DMD-48 is subsequently powered off, the performance check shall be repeated by the Forensic Scientist before the DMD-48 is used in casework again.

- 5.1.3.5.4.1.1** Power on the DMD-48.

- 5.1.3.5.4.1.2** Using the attached handle, slide the rear movable plate until it is flush with the front plate.

- 5.1.3.5.4.1.3** Zero the DMD-48 by pressing the “X₀” button.

5.1.3.5.4.1.4 Remove the end caps from the 24" calibration rod and place it in the center of the unit, with one end against the front plate.

5.1.3.5.4.1.5 Using the handle, slide the rear movable plate until it contacts the end of the calibration rod.

5.1.3.5.4.1.6 The tolerance for this length shall be +/- 0.03 inches. If the measured length falls within this tolerance range, the successful performance check shall be recorded in Forensic Advantage (FA).

5.1.3.5.4.1.7 The DMD-48 may now be used to measure barrel and overall length.

5.1.3.5.4.2 Barrel Length

5.1.3.5.4.2.1 The barrel length shall be measured after test firing and the subsequent microscopic comparison are completed. Care shall be taken when placing a rod down the barrel.

5.1.3.5.4.2.2 Measure the barrel length from the face of the closed breechblock or bolt to the farthest end of the barrel. For revolvers, measure the barrel including the threaded portion within the frame.

5.1.3.5.4.2.3 Choose one of the three measuring rods supplied with the DMD-48 (3/16" brass, 1/4" aluminum, or 1/2" aluminum) as appropriate for the firearm to be measured.

5.1.3.5.4.2.4 Loosen the collar on the measuring rod and gently slide the rod into the barrel until it rests against the breechface.

5.1.3.5.4.2.5 Let the collar slide down until it encounters the furthest point on the muzzle.

5.1.3.5.4.2.6 Lock the collar into place using the thumb screw.

5.1.3.5.4.2.7 Using the black thumb screw, attach the retaining plate to the movable plate. The retaining plate can be rotated and centered for the appropriate sized rod.

5.1.3.5.4.2.8 Place the measuring rod through the cutout in the movable plate, ensuring that the front of the collar is flush with the retaining plate.

5.1.3.5.4.2.9 Center the other end of the rod with the recessed point in the front plate to ensure the rod is parallel when reading the digital measurement.

5.1.3.5.4.3 Overall Length

5.1.3.5.4.3.1 Measure the overall length of the firearm parallel to the axis of the bore from the muzzle to a line perpendicular to the axis of the bore and tangent to the rearmost point of the firearm.

5.1.3.5.4.3.2 Using the attached handle, slide the movable plate away from the front plate far enough to allow the firearm to rest in the DMD-48.

5.1.3.5.4.3.3 Place the firearm in the unit with the butt against the front plate and the barrel parallel to the side plate. For most firearms, this is best accomplished with the firearm resting on its right side.

5.1.3.5.4.3.4 Using the handle, gently slide the movable plate until it contacts the furthest point on the muzzle.

5.1.3.5.4.4 The digital readout of the DMD-48 shows four digits after the decimal point. Barrel and overall lengths shall be reported to two decimal places. Rounding for the DMD-48 shall be as follows:

5.1.3.5.4.4.1 If the third decimal place (thousandth place) is a “0”, the second decimal place (hundredth place) shall not change. For example, 19.2604” would round to 19.26”.

5.1.4.1.1 Visual Abnormalities

- Loose or bulged barrel
- Bore obstruction
- Cracked receiver or slide
- Broken or missing parts
- Loose or missing screws
- Frozen or protruding firing pin
- Alterations or adaptations

5.1.4.1.2 Action (External)

- Correct assembly
- Proper locking of the action on closing
- Cylinder rotation (securely locks)
- Hand relationship to the ratchet
- Trigger pull and return
- Hammer push off

5.1.4.1.3 Safeties

- Active and passive
- The Forensic Scientist shall engage and disengage all safeties and, by dry firing or other methods, determine if the safeties are functioning properly. Dummy rounds shall be used when dry firing a rimfire firearm.

5.1.4.1.4 Action (Internal)

- Worn hammer notch or sear
- Weak or broken springs

5.1.4.2 Attempt to render an inoperable firearm operable by performing simple repairs, such as substituting parts from the Firearm Reference Collection. After test firing, remove any reference parts that may have been used. List in the case notes any parts that were substituted.

5.1.4.2.1 A firearm submitted as an “IBIS only” case that does not function and cannot be quickly repaired shall not be test fired for IBIS entry. An exception to this policy must be requested in writing by the appropriate District Attorney, US Attorney, Judicial Official, or Federal/State Official and approved by the Section Forensic Scientist Manager, Deputy Assistant Director or Laboratory Director.

5.1.4.3 Determine, when necessary, if the firearm will fire without applying force to the trigger. Drop-tests, push off tests or other tests are performed using dummy rounds or an unloaded firearm in an exam office. When it is necessary to use a primed cartridge case or ammunition, testing can be performed on the range or shoot tank

annex (Western Laboratory). Tests for accidental discharge shall be conducted when requested or when appropriate (e.g., a firearm is found to have a faulty safety mechanism or the potential to slam-fire). A drop-test or jar-off test may be performed using the SAAMI Standard ANSI/SAAMI Z299.5-1996 as a guideline. **These tests shall be performed after the firearm has been test fired.**

5.1.5 Pre-Test Firing Safety Examination

5.1.5.1 A visual examination of the firearm prior to test firing is needed to determine:

- The presence of an obstruction in the bore.
- Any signs of cracks or weaknesses in the frame, slide, cylinder, or barrel.
- The overall mechanism functioning.
- The type of ammunition appropriate for use with the firearm.
- The need to test fire the firearm remotely.

5.1.5.2 Before test-firing, the Forensic Scientist shall test all autoloading firearms to ensure that they have not been altered to fire as automatic firearms either intentionally or through wear or damage.

5.1.5.2.1 Pursuant to N.C. G.S. 14-288.8(c)(3), “any firearm capable of fully automatic fire” is a “weapon of mass death and destruction”.

5.2 Test Firing Protocol

5.2.1 Test firing recovery methods for bullet comparison specimens include the vertical water tank, the horizontal water tank, the cotton boxes (5' and 12'), Snail® System bullet trap, and the Kevlar bullet chamber. The type of firearm and ammunition tested will usually dictate the type of recovery method used.

5.2.1.1 If the test fired bullets/projectiles do not need to be recovered, the firearm may be fired downrange or into the rubber block backstop.

5.2.2 Ensure that the firearm is safe to fire including that the bore is unobstructed. Always wear appropriate eye and ear protection. If available, ensure that the in-use warning lights of the indoor shooting areas are activated during test firing.

5.2.3 Use ammunition designed for the firearm.

5.2.3.1 There are exceptions to the above when ammunition components have been fired in a firearm that was not designed to fire them. e.g., 16 gauge shotshell in a 12 gauge shotgun or a 357 Magnum fired in a 30-30 rifle.

5.2.3.2 On those occasions where ammunition not designed for a firearm must be fired in that firearm, extreme caution shall be maintained. Firing the firearm remotely may be the best option.

5.2.4 When creating test fires for comparison purposes, choose the same reference ammunition as the evidence ammunition. If the same reference ammunition is not available, choose

ammunition as similar as possible to the evidence ammunition in manufacturer, design, and/or weight.

- 5.2.5** Evidence ammunition used to create comparison specimens shall be examined for pre-existing cycling detail or manufacturing marks prior to test firing. Any such examination shall be documented in the case notes.
- 5.2.6** Tests shall be marked with a “T” or test number in sequential order, preferably before firing (e.g., test bullets fired from the K-1 pistol are marked T-1 and T-2 and their respective test cartridge cases are also marked T-1 and T-2). If there is a second firearm in the case, test bullets would be marked T-3 and T-4 and the cartridge cases likewise.
- 5.2.7** Fire at least two (2) rounds. Forensic Scientists shall load only one round at a time in a magazine for semiautomatic/automatic firearms. However, if the firearm has been confirmed as semiautomatic only, the Forensic Scientist may load more than one round in the magazine.
- 5.2.8** In certain cases, it may be necessary to clean the bore after the first test shots before firing any additional test shots. The firearm shall first be fired as it was received except when the bore is rusted, corroded, or blocked by mud/dirt such that it could not have been fired in that condition. Any cleaning of the bore shall be documented in the case notes.
- 5.2.9** The Forensic Scientist may choose to pre-mark the test cartridge cases with marks to assist in phasing during microscopic examination or marks indicating sequence of fire (e.g., place a phase mark beginning on the ogive of the bullet and extending down onto the casing). Chamber the round with the phase mark at 12 o'clock.
- 5.2.10** Use proper safety equipment such as ear protectors and safety glasses.
- 5.2.11** Treat every barrel of multiple-barreled firearms separately.
- 5.2.12** Retrieve test bullets immediately after firing.
- 5.2.13** Test fire packaging shall include the following information:
- Caliber – The caliber of the firearm.
 - State Crime Laboratory Case number.
 - Manufacturer – Manufacturer of firearm.
 - Model – Model of firearm, if known.
 - SN# – Serial number of firearm, if present.
 - Item# – The “K” number assigned to this firearm.
 - Test Fires – Include a description of the test ammo used and the “T” numbers assigned to the test fired cartridge cases.
 - Date of offense.
 - County.
 - Type of case.
 - IBIS Entries – Which test fires are to be entered into IBIS.
 - Initials of the Forensic Scientist assigned to the case.
 - Agency – the agency that submitted the firearm.
 - File # – Agency OCA (case identifying number).

5.2.14 Test fires are considered only as reference items in the Laboratory.

5.2.14.1 Test fires created using Laboratory ammunition for comparison purposes shall be returned to the submitting agency with the firearm in/from which they were test fired.

5.2.14.1.1 Test fires using Laboratory ammunition that are made solely for entry into the NIBIN/IBIS database and test fires made for other purposes (e.g., distance determination, gun function, muzzle velocity, etc.) may be disposed of on a regular basis.

5.2.14.2 Test fires that are made from evidence ammunition submitted by the agency shall be returned in the same container in which the evidence cartridges were received. A statement shall be included in the Laboratory Report to reflect the fired condition of the evidence cartridges.

5.2.14.2.1 Bullets/projectiles from test fires using evidence ammunition that are used for distance determinations, muzzle velocity examinations, and suppressor examinations are not typically returned to the submitting agency because these tests preclude recovery of the projectiles. A statement shall be included in the Laboratory Report to identify when such bullets/projectiles are consumed during testing.

5.2.14.2.2 Cartridge cases/shotshells from test fires using evidence ammunition that are used for distance determinations, muzzle velocity examinations, and suppressor examinations shall be returned in the original packaging. A statement shall be included in the Laboratory Report to identify when such cartridge cases/shotshells are returned in a fired condition.

5.2.15 After completion of examination and all necessary test firing, firearms shall be made safe by blocking the action with a plastic or nylon band/tie before packaging.

5.3 Ejection Pattern Examination

5.3.1 Standard ejection pattern test

5.3.1.1 Ejection pattern testing is firearm and ammunition specific. Use the suspect firearm and the same manufacturer and type of ammunition used in the incident. This determination may be made by the Forensic Scientist based on the ammunition and ammunition components received from the requesting agency.

5.3.1.2 Fire all ejection pattern tests at the indoor or outdoor range.

5.3.1.3 Shoot the tests at shoulder height. With pistols, use the strong hand and a strong grip and have the shooting arm extended. A measurement shall be made from the ejection port to a point on the ground directly below the ejection port (this point can be found using a plumb bob).

5.3.1.4 A minimum of five (5) rounds shall be fired.

5.3.1.5 A technician or second Forensic Scientist may be needed to locate and mark the points on the ground where the fired cartridge cases initially land or the Forensic Scientist may elect to use a parachute or other large drop cloth to determine where the fired cartridge cases initially land.

5.3.1.6 Measurements

5.3.1.6.1 General – Measurements shall be taken from the point on the ground directly below the ejection port to the ejected cartridge cases and the general direction (right/left of shooter, front/rear of shooter) of the ejected cartridge cases shall be noted.

5.3.1.6.2 Grid or Coordinate – A grid may be created from the point on the ground directly below the ejection port and may consist of two tape measures extending perpendicular and parallel to the axis of the bore (X and Y axes, respectively). The measurements would then be taken from the location of the cartridge case initial hit at right angles to the X and Y axes.

5.3.1.6.3 Protractor – A protractor may be placed on the ground directly below the ejection port with the muzzle pointing to the zero degree position. The distance to the location of the cartridge case initial hit may be measured and the approximate angle may be read from the protractor.

5.3.1.7 The Forensic Scientist may draw a sketch to illustrate the results.

5.3.2 A non-standard ejection pattern test

5.3.2.1 When information is provided to the Forensic Scientist about the conditions/situations of a shooting incident and the requesting agency asks that an ejection pattern test be conducted simulating those conditions/situations, the following protocol shall be followed:

5.3.2.1.1 First, conduct a standard ejection pattern test.

5.3.2.1.2 Next, using information provided by the submitting agency about the reported conditions of the shooting incident (e.g., shooter was 6' 6" tall, using a two-handed grip with the gun canted to the right, or the shooter was aiming the gun down at a 45 degree angle), the Forensic Scientist shall devise a method that best simulates the reported conditions. Because the variables are infinite, no set procedures shall be established for simulating these variables. It shall be up to the Forensic Scientist to determine the best methodology to be used.

5.3.2.1.3 A minimum of five (5) rounds shall be fired.

5.3.2.1.4 A technician or second Forensic Scientist may be needed to locate and mark the points on the ground where the fired cartridge cases initially

land or the Forensic Scientist may elect to use a parachute or other large drop cloth to determine where the fired cartridge cases initially land.

5.3.2.1.5 The same measurement method used for the standard ejection pattern test shall be used for the non-standard test.

5.3.2.1.6 The Forensic Scientist may draw a sketch to illustrate the results.

5.4 Suppressor Examination

5.4.1 Suppressor testing shall be performed at the indoor range or shoot tank annex using the Sper Scientific Digital Sound Meter and the Sper Scientific Acoustical Calibrator.

5.4.2 If, as received, the suppressor device (“device”) is damaged to such a degree that it cannot be used again or may be unsafe to use, it shall be in the Forensic Scientist’s discretion as to whether sound level testing will be performed.

5.4.3 The sound meter shall be calibrated prior to testing according to the Technical Procedure for Instrument Calibration and Maintenance.

5.4.4 Set up the Digital Sound Level Meter.

5.4.4.1 Place the sound meter on a flat surface using the built-in tripod approximately 10 feet from where the firearm will be fired. Point the microphone toward the muzzle of the firearm.

5.4.4.2 Move the power switch to the “ON (DC)” position.

5.4.4.3 Place the A/C weighting selector switch into the “C” position for C scale weighting.

5.4.4.4 Set the range selector the 80 - 100 dB range.

5.4.4.5 Set the speed selector to “PEAK.”

5.4.5 Test fire the firearm without the device.

5.4.5.1 After each test fire:

5.4.5.1.1 Read the LCD reading of the sound level and record. Accuracy is +/- 1.5 dB.

5.4.5.1.2 Reset the “PEAK” reading by moving the speed selector to “FAST” and then back to “PEAK.” A minimum of five (5) tests shall be fired. Adjust the range selector if necessary.

5.4.6 Test fire the firearm with the device attached to the muzzle.

5.4.6.1 After each test fire:

-
- 5.5.4** The calibration of the chronograph shall be checked prior to testing. See the Technical Procedure for Instrument Calibration and Maintenance.
- 5.5.5** After the calibration check, the display will read “- - - 0” to show that it is ready to begin a new group. If it does not, push the RESET button.
- 5.5.6** The firearm shall be test fired a minimum of five (5) times consecutively without an erroneous reading. Allow the chronograph to print the result of each test fire before firing the next. If an erroneous reading occurs (indicated by “*”) press the OMIT button one (1) time to erase this reading from the memory. A minimum of five (5) valid readings shall be taken.
- 5.5.7** Upon completion of test firing, press the SUMMARY button to print a summary of the test velocities. These figures shall be included in the Forensic Scientist’s notes. The print summary will show:
- The high velocity denoted by +
 - The low velocity denoted by -
 - The extreme velocity spread denoted by E
 - The average velocity denoted by M
 - The standard deviation denoted by S

5.5.7.1 The printout shall be imported into the case file.

5.6 Range of Conclusions

5.6.1 The suggested report wording listed below may be modified at the Forensic Scientist’s discretion to reflect more accurately his/her conclusions. Any such modifications to report wording shall be reviewed and approved by the technical reviewer.

5.6.2 Firearm Function and Trigger Pull Examinations

5.6.2.1 Proper function

- The K-1 pistol functions properly.

5.6.2.2 Malfunctioning Safety

- The K-1 pistol will fire by pulling the trigger when the hammer is cocked and the safety lever is either engaged or disengaged.

5.6.2.3 Broken or Missing Parts

- As received, the K-1 pistol does not function. K-1 is missing a hammer and recoil spring. Parts from a reference firearm were used to replace the missing parts in the K-1 pistol and K-1 then functioned properly.

5.6.2.4 Trigger Pull

- The K-1 pistol has a single action trigger pull of greater than five (5) pounds but less than or equal to six (6) pounds and a double action trigger pull of greater than ten (10) pounds but less than or equal to eleven (11) pounds.

5.6.3 Barrel and Overall Length Measurements

5.6.3.1 Barrel Length measured using the DMD-48

- As received, the barrel of the K-1 rifle has been altered. The barrel length of K-1 is 14.25 inches, +/- 0.14 inches.

5.6.3.2 Barrel Length measured using a Hott-Rod™

- As received, the barrel of the K-1 rifle has been altered. The barrel length of K-1 is 14 ¼ inches, +/- ¼ inch.

5.6.3.3 Overall Length measured using the DMD-48

- As received, the stock of the K-1 shotgun has been altered. The overall length of K-1 is 28.75 inches, +/- 0.13 inches.

5.6.3.4 Overall Length measured using a NIST-traceable ruler

- As received, the stock of the K-1 shotgun has been altered. The overall length of K-1 is 28 ¾ inches, +/- 17/32 inch.

5.6.3.5 Overall Length too long to be measured using the DMD-48

- As received, the stock of the K-1 shotgun has been altered. The overall length of K-1 is greater than 39 inches.

5.6.4 Ejection Pattern Examination

5.6.4.1 Standard ejection pattern test

5.6.4.1.1 Results shall be reported in general terms unless asked by the requesting Agency for more specific information.

- Using the K-1 pistol and ammunition like the K-1A cartridges, an ejection pattern test was conducted. The K-1 pistol was held at shoulder height (approximately 58 inches) [always include the approximate height in inches] with a firm grip in the Forensic Scientist's strong hand. Fired cartridge cases landed or tended to land to the right and rear of the shooter.

5.6.4.1.2 The Forensic Scientist may include distances in the results.

- Using the K-1 SKS rifle and the K-2 ammunition, an ejection pattern test was conducted. The rifle was held at shoulder height

(approximately 58 inches) [always include the approximate height in inches] and fired cartridge cases were ejected to the right front of the shooter from 16 feet to 32 feet.

5.6.4.2 Non-standard ejection pattern test

5.6.4.2.1 First, report the results of a standard ejection pattern test.

5.6.4.2.2 Next, report the results of the non-standard ejection pattern test including an explanation of all the variables used to conduct the examination.

- With the K-1 pistol held at a height of approximately 60 inches in a two handed grasp and with the pistol canted to the right at an approximate 45 degree angle, fired cartridge cases were ejected or tended to be ejected to the right of the shooter at distances from 2 feet to 4 feet.

5.6.5 Suppressor Examination

5.6.5.1 Device reduces the sound level

- The barrel attachment supplied with the K-1 pistol acts as a sound suppression device.

5.6.5.2 Device does not reduce the sound level

- The barrel attachment supplied with the K-1 firearm does not act as a sound suppression device.

5.6.6 Muzzle Velocity Examination

- The K-1 pistol has an average muzzle velocity of 805 feet per second.

5.7 Standards and Controls – N/A

5.8 Calibration – For comparison microscope, sound meter, chronograph, Hott-Rod™ and NIST-traceable ruler calibration information, see the Firearms Unit Technical Procedure for Instrument Calibration and Maintenance.

5.9 Maintenance – For comparison microscope, sound meter, chronograph, Hott-Rod™, and NIST-traceable ruler maintenance, see the Firearms Unit Technical Procedure for Instrument Calibration and Maintenance.

5.10 Sampling – N/A

5.11 Calculations – N/A

5.12 Uncertainty of Measurement – The uncertainty of measurement was calculated for barrel and overall length measurements (see [5.1.3.5.4.5](#)). For barrel length, the uncertainty of measurement is provided for the DMD-48 method and the Hott-Rod™ method. For overall length, the uncertainty of measurement is provided for the DMD-48 method and the ruler method.

6.0 Limitations – The ejection pattern examination is firearm and ammunition specific.

7.0 Safety – Examinations performed in the Firearms Unit are inherently dangerous. These procedures involve hazardous chemicals, firearms, ammunition, and potential biohazards. All hazardous procedures shall be performed in compliance with the State Crime Laboratory Safety Manual. If the examination involves a biohazard, the Forensic Scientist shall use proper personal protective equipment such as eye protection, lab coat, and/or gloves.

8.0 References

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United States. Title 18, United States Code, Chapter 44. Section 921, paragraph 24 (Gun Control Act of 1968).

United States. Title 18, United States Code, Chapter 44. Section 923, paragraph I (Gun Control Act of 1968).

9.0 Records

- FA Worksheets
- Chronograph Result Printout

10.0 Attachments

- Uncertainty Budget, Barrel Length using the DMD-48
- Uncertainty Budget, Barrel Length using a Hott-Rod™
- Uncertainty Budget, Overall Length using the DMD-48
- Uncertainty Budget, Overall Length using a NIST-traceable ruler

Revision History		
Effective Date	Version Number	Reason
09/17/2012	1	Original Document
10/17/2012	2	Removed an item from the list in 5.1.3.2 ; changed pounds to pound in 5.1.3.4.5.3 ; added parentheses in 5.1.3.4.6.4 ; added a phrase to 5.2.1 to specify that that section is referring to test firing for comparison specimens; added the last sentence to 5.2.5 ; removed items from the list in 5.2.11
12/07/2012	3	5.1.3.2 – changed “Maximum capacity, including chamber” to “Magazine/cylinder capacity”
02/15/2013	4	Removed Raleigh from the header; 3.0 – added direct to the definition of active safety and changed the definition of passive safety; 4.0 – added seven items and specified items located in the Raleigh Laboratory; 5.1.3.2 – added text in parentheses for widths of lands and grooves; 5.1.3.2.1 – added firearm industry contacts; 5.1.4.1.1 – added bore obstruction; 5.1.4.3 – added shoot tank annex language; 5.2.1 – added bullet in beginning of first sentence and snail trap language; 5.2.1.1 – added rubber backstop language; 5.2.2 – added If available; 5.2.3.1 – removed perpetrator language; created new 5.2.4 ; 5.2.13.2.1 – added last sentence; added new 5.2.13.2.2 ; 5.4.1 – added shoot tank annex language; 5.4.3.7 – added first sentence; created new 5.4.3.8 from former last sentence of 5.4.3.7 ; 5.5.4.1.1 – added Raleigh Laboratory; 5.5.4.1.2 – added Raleigh Laboratory; created new 5.6.3 , 5.6.3.1 , and 5.6.3.2 ; created new 5.8.1 ; 5.9 – added comparison microscope
05/10/2013	5	4.0 – added Hott-Rods™, DMD-48, and DMD-48 calibration rod, changed “NIST-traceable rods and rulers” to “NIST-traceable rulers;” created new 5.1.3.5.3 , 5.1.3.5.4 , and 5.1.3.5.5 ; changed 5.6.3.1 from “Legal Length” to “Barrel Length measured using the DMD-48” and changed the corresponding suggested report wording to reflect barrel length and uncertainty of measurement; changed 5.6.3.4 (formerly 5.6.3.2) from “Illegal Length” to “Overall Length measured using a NIST-traceable ruler” and changed the corresponding suggested report wording to reflect overall length and uncertainty of measurement; added new 5.6.3.2 , 5.6.3.3 , and 5.6.3.5 ; 5.8.4 – changed “NIST-traceable rod and ruler” to “Hott-Rod™ and NIST-traceable ruler;” 5.9 – changed “and NIST-traceable rod and ruler” to “Hott-Rod™, and NIST-traceable ruler;” 5.12 – removed “See the Plan for Estimating the Uncertainty of Measurement” and added paragraph; 8.0 – added instruction manual for the DMD-48; 10.0 – added four attachments

09/06/2013	6	Created new 5.2.4
11/15/2013	7	Added issuing authority to header
09/05/2014	8	Header and various subsections – corrected to reflect organizational change; grammar
02/27/2015	9	5.2.5 – Added second sentence; 5.2.13 – removed references to IBIS
12/11/2015	10	<p>4.0 - removed located in Raleigh Laboratory</p> <p>5.1.1.1 - reworded</p> <p>Removed old 5.1.1.1.1, 5.1.1.1.2, 5.1.1.1.3, 5.1.1.2, 5.1.1.7.1, 5.1.1.7.3</p> <p>5.1.1.5 – changed shall to may</p> <p>5.1.3.1 – replaced firearms worksheet with entry; removed 2nd statement</p> <p>Added 5.1.3.2</p> <p>Removed old 5.1.3.2.2</p> <p>5.1.3.4.3 - removed provided to each forensic scientist</p> <p>5.1.3.5.4.5 – updated UCM</p> <p>5.2.2 – changed SAFE to safe</p> <p>5.2.13 – reworded to remove manila envelope</p> <p>5.2.14.1.1 – removed disposal</p> <p>5.4.3.1- 5.4.3.8, 5.5.4.9 – transferred to calibration procedure</p> <p>5.4.7, 5.4.10.4 – removed worksheet section</p> <p>5.4.10.4 – removed any</p> <p>5.5.4.1, 5.5.4.1.1, 5.5.4.1.2, 5.5.4.2, 5.5.4.3, 5.5.4.4, 5.5.4.5, 5.5.4.6</p> <p>5.5.4.7 – transferred to calibration procedure</p> <p>5.5.7 – removed specific worksheet section</p> <p>5.5.7.1 – removed 1st sentence, CROR to case file</p> <p>5.6.1 – changed with to by</p> <p>Removed 5.8.1, 5.8.2, 5.8.3, 5.8.4 – combined into 5.8</p> <p>Removed quotation marks from all conclusions</p> <p>8.0 – added NC GS 14-288.8(c)(3)</p> <p>9.0 – removed specific worksheets</p> <p>Updated Attachments A-D</p>

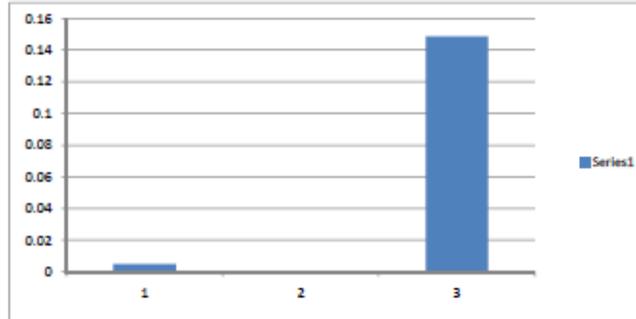
Attachment A: Uncertainty Budget, Barrel Length using the DMD-48

North Carolina State Crime Laboratory
Physical Evidence Section
Firearms Unit
Uncertainty of Measurement Budget
Barrel Length, DMD-48



Measurement: Barrel Length using DMD-48
Range of measurement values: Up to ~39.5 inches
Procedure name: Technical Procedure for Firearm Examination
Budget prepared by: Jessica L. R. Pappas
Date Prepared: July 20, 2015

Line Item	Uncertainty Component	Value	Units	Distribution	Type	Divisor	Degrees Freedom (n-1)	Standard Uncertainty	Component Contribution %
1	DMD-48 Calibration Uncertainty	0.01000000	inches	normal	B	2.00	∞	0.005	3
2	DMD-48 Resolution	0.00010000	inches	rectangular	B	1.73	∞	5.7735E-05	0
3	Reproducibility Study	0.1486	inches	normal	A	1.00	537	0.1486	97
Combined Standard Unc		u						0.148684106	100
Expanded Unc		U (k=2)						0.297368212	
Expanded Unc		U (k=3)						0.446052318	
Reported Uncertainty:		0.297		k=2	95.45% confidence level				
Reported Uncertainty:		0.446	(0.45")	k=3	99.73% confidence level				



Notes - document the basis for the data above:

- 1 Uncertainty of the calibration by Cal Tec Labs of Ohio Certificate = 0.01 inches at 95.45% level of confidence (k=2)
- 2 DMD-48 scale resolution
- 3 Reproducibility data - highest standard deviation of the six guns measured

The estimation of uncertainty of measurement shall be evaluated annually and updated or revised as needed.

Revision History		
Version Number	Date	Reason
1	5/2/2013	Original Document
2	7/20/2015	Updated Reproducibility Study

Reproducibility Study Data

Month	Employee	Gun A	Employee	Gun B	Employee	Gun C	Employee	Gun D	Employee	Gun E	Employee	Gun F	
September 2012	2	8.13	1	11.05	5	18.08	3	17.95	4	23.93	1	26.77	
	4	8.06	2	11.09	7	18.07	5	18.01	6	23.95	6	26.70	
	8	8.12	3	11.07	10	18.07	8	17.98	11	23.98	9	26.78	
	12	8.14	7	11.12	11	18.08	9	18.01	12	23.94	10	26.76	
October 2012	1		1		5	18.07	5	18.01	9		9		
	2	8.13	2	11.09	6		6		10		10		
	3	8.13	3	11.09	7		7		11	23.95	11	26.67	
	4	8.15	4	11.09	8	18.05	8	18.00	12		12		
November 2012									13		13		
	5		5		9		9				1		
	6		6		10		10		2		2		
	7		7		11		11		3		3		
December 2012	8	8.15	8	11.09	12		12		4	23.94	4	26.75	
					13		13						
	9		9		1		1		5		5		
	10		10		2		2		6		6		
January 2013	11		11		3		3		7		7		
	12		12		4	17.94	4	18.01	8	23.92	8	26.65	
	13		13										
	4	8.15	1	11.06	3	18.03	2	17.95	1	23.89	4	26.76	
February 2013	6	8.13	7	11.05	5	18.05	3	17.93	2	23.89	8	26.69	
	9	8.10	11	11.08	6	18.04	5	17.96	9	23.89	10	26.76	
	11	8.13	12	11.06	8	18.05	7	17.96	10	23.88	12	26.70	
			13	11.07							13	26.74	
November- December 2014	1	8.12	2	11.08	2	18.05	6	17.98	3	23.91	1	26.68	
	8	8.14	4	11.11	7	18.03	8	18.00	4	23.94	3	26.64	
	10	8.09	5	11.05	9	18.00	11	17.98	5	23.93	7	26.74	
	12	8.12	9	11.07	10	17.93	13	17.98	6	23.89			
November- December 2014	13	8.13	11	11.08	11	18.05	12	17.98	12	23.92			
	1	8.11	1	11.06	1	18.03	1	17.94	1	23.93	1	26.73	
	2	8.13	2	11.09	2	18.06	2	17.99	2	23.93	2	26.76	
	3	8.10	3	11.05	3	17.99	3	17.96	3	23.90	3	26.74	
	4	8.13	4		4	18.07	4	18.00	4	23.93	4	26.72	
	5	8.10	5	11.01	5	18.03	5	17.97	5	23.98	5	26.76	
	6	8.02	6	10.88	6	17.85	6	17.82	6	23.83	6	26.67	
	8	8.14	8		8	18.07	8	18.01	8	23.94	8	26.74	
	11	8.12	11	11.08	11	18.06	11	17.98	11	23.95	11	26.74	
	13	8.11	13	11.04	13	18.00	13	17.94	13	23.90	13	26.74	
	14	8.08	14	11.06	14	18.03	14	17.93	14	23.89	14	26.76	
	15	8.10	15	11.07	15	18.00	15	17.94	15	23.89	15	26.70	
	16	8.11	16	11.08	16	18.03	16	17.93	16	23.86	16	26.70	
	17	8.11	17	11.08	17	17.95	17	17.96	17	23.93	17	26.71	
	January 2015	1	8.11	1	11.06	1	18.03	1	17.98	1	23.92	1	26.66
		2	8.08	2	11.04	2	17.97	2	17.96	2	23.89	2	26.72
		3	8.11	3	11.06	3	18.03	3	17.99	3	23.89	3	26.74
4			4		4		4		4		4		
5		8.13	5	11.08	5	18.05	5	18.00	5	23.93	5	26.76	
6		8.11	6	11.04	6	17.92	6	18.01	6	23.94	6	26.75	
8			8		8		8		8		8		
11		8.14	11	11.10	11	18.05	11	17.99	11	23.93	11	26.74	
13		8.11	13	11.05	13	18.01	13	17.94	13	23.90	13	26.73	
14		8.13	14	11.10	14	18.05	14	17.99	14	23.90	14	25.42	
15		8.12	15	11.06	15	18.06	15	17.96	15	23.89	15	26.74	
16		8.14	16	11.10	16	18.06	16	17.97	16	23.91	16	26.75	
17		8.09	17	11.05	17	18.04	17	17.92	17	23.92	17	26.75	
March 2015		2	8.12	2	11.08	2	18.04	2	17.95	2	23.88	2	26.73
		3	8.14	3	11.09	3	18.04	3	17.99	3	23.88	3	26.74
		4		4		4		4		4		4	
		5	8.13	5	11.09	5	18.08	5	18.01	5	23.96	5	26.76
	6	8.12	6	11.08	6	18.10	6	17.98	6	23.95	6	26.68	
	8		8		8		8		8		8		
	11	8.14	11	11.08	11	18.07	11	18.00	11	23.95	11	26.77	
	13	8.11	13	11.08	13	18.04	13	17.98	13	23.90	13	26.74	
	14	8.11	14	11.06	14	18.04	14	17.95	14	23.91	14	26.73	
	15	8.13	15	11.09	15	18.04	15	17.99	15	23.94	15	26.76	
	16	8.11	16	11.09	16	18.06	16	18.00	16	23.91	16	26.75	
	17	8.14	17	11.10	17	18.08	17	17.99	17	23.94	17	26.35	

Month	Employee	Gun A	Employee	Gun B	Employee	Gun C	Employee	Gun D	Employee	Gun E	Employee	Gun F	
April 2015	2	8.11	2	11.06	2	18.03	2	17.94	2	23.88	2	26.71	
	3	8.08	3	11.02	3	18.02	3	17.93	3	23.98	3	26.72	
	5	8.13	5	11.08	5	18.05	5	17.98	5	23.93	5	26.68	
	6	8.22	6	11.16	6	18.12	6	18.06	6	23.96	6	26.79	
	8		8		8		8		8		8		
	11	8.14	11	11.11	11	18.08	11	18.00	11	23.94	11	26.77	
	13	8.12	13	11.08	13	18.05	13	17.97	13	23.92	13	26.75	
	14	8.12	14	11.07	14	18.05	14	17.98	14	23.92	14	26.72	
	15	8.12	15	11.09	15	18.07	15	18.01	15	23.91	15	26.79	
	16	8.11	16	11.09	16	18.05	16	17.99	16	23.91	16	26.76	
	17	8.12	17	11.07	17	18.06	17	17.98	17	23.94	17	26.77	
	May 2015	2	8.10	2	11.05	2	18.02	2	17.98	2	23.89	2	26.74
		3	8.05	3	11.06	3	18.05	3	17.98	3	23.92	3	26.76
		5	8.15	5	11.13	5	18.10	5	18.01	5	23.94	5	26.71
6		8.15	6	11.11	6	18.09	6	18.01	6	23.95	6	26.73	
8		8.14	8	11.10	8	18.07	8	17.99	8	23.94	8	26.70	
11		8.16	11	11.12	11	18.08	11	18.00	11	23.95	11	26.77	
13			13		13		13		13		13		
14		8.12	14	11.09	14	18.05	14	17.98	14	23.91	14	26.72	
15		8.16	15	11.11	15	18.05	15	18.01	15	23.95	15	26.74	
16		8.19	16	11.10	16	18.08	16	17.99	16	23.93	16	26.73	
17		8.14	17	11.09	17	18.07	17	17.98	17	23.95	17	26.79	
June 2015		2	8.11	2	11.05	2	18.03	2	17.95	2	23.87	2	26.73
		3	8.16	3	11.12	3	18.05	3	17.95	3	23.89	3	26.69
		5	8.16	5	11.13	5	18.08	5	18.01	5	23.94	5	26.77
	6	8.17	6	11.13	6	18.08	6	18.02	6	23.96	6	26.78	
	11	8.15	11	11.12	11	18.08	11	18.01	11	23.95	11	26.77	
	13	8.12	13	11.08	13	18.04	13	17.98	13	23.92	13	26.75	
	14	8.10	14	11.06	14	18.04	14	17.95	14	23.91	14	26.73	
	15	8.15	15	11.10	15	18.05	15	18.02	15	23.92	15	26.76	
	16	8.14	16	11.12	16	18.06	16	18.01	16	23.98	16	26.77	
	17	8.07	17	11.10	17	18.06	17	17.99	17	23.94	17	26.75	
	July 2015	2	8.13	2	11.08	2	18.06	2	17.96	2	23.88	2	26.74
		3	8.14	3	11.11	3	18.08	3	17.97	3	23.89	3	26.74
		5	8.14	5	11.12	5	18.10	5	18.01	5	23.94	5	26.70
		6	8.16	6	11.13	6	18.10	6	18.03	6	23.96	6	26.77
11		8.15	11	11.11	11	18.08	11	18.00	11	23.94	11	26.75	
13		8.12	13	11.07	13	18.04	13	17.98	13	23.91	13	26.75	
14		8.13	14	11.09	14	18.05	14	17.99	14	23.90	14	26.74	
15		8.12	15	11.08	15	18.04	15	18.00	15	23.93	15	26.77	
16		8.15	16	11.12	16	18.04	16	18.13	16	23.93	16	26.77	
17		8.15	17	11.10	17	18.08	17	18.01	17	23.96	17	26.77	
		MIN	8.02	MIN	10.88	MIN	17.85	MIN	17.82	MIN	23.83	MIN	25.42
		MAX	8.22	MAX	11.16	MAX	18.12	MAX	18.13	MAX	23.98	MAX	26.79
		AVG	8.1247	AVG	11.0810	AVG	18.0456	AVG	17.9817	AVG	23.9221	AVG	26.7178
		STDEV	0.0281	STDEV	0.0343	STDEV	0.0411	STDEV	0.0355	STDEV	0.0289	STDEV	0.1486

AVG STDEV 0.0527

Guns

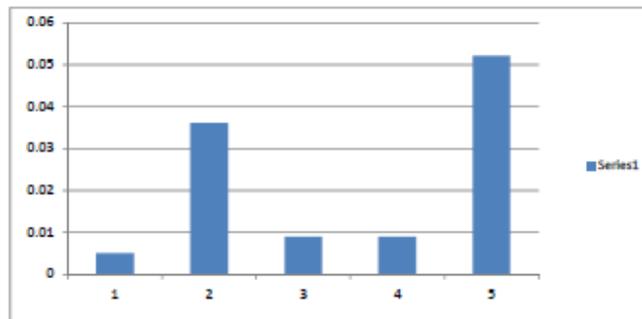
- A FA 6931, Riverside Arms, 16 Gauge, single barrel shotgun, Serial Number SM211, Model Single Shot
- B FA 3300, NR Davis & Sons, 20 Gauge, double barrel shotgun, Serial Number 19032, Model Ajax
- C FA 952, Harrington & Richardson, 20 Gauge, single barrel shotgun, Serial Number A6252413, Model Topper 138
- D FA 3468, Remington, 12 Gauge, pump action shotgun, Serial Number W960694M, Model 870 Express
- E FA 7062, Marlin, 410 Gauge, single barrel shotgun, Serial Number KN113366, Model 200
- F FA 3396, Remington, 12 Gauge, pump action shotgun, Serial Number B699441M, Model 870 Express

Attachment B: Uncertainty Budget, Barrel Length using a Hott-Rod™

North Carolina State Crime Laboratory
Physical Evidence Section
Firearms Unit
Uncertainty of Measurement Budget
Barrel Length, Hott-Rod™

Measurement: Barrel Length using Hott Rod™
Range of measurement values: Up to 24 inches
Procedure name: Technical Procedure for Firearm Examination
Budget prepared by: Jessica L. R. Pappas
Date Prepared: July 20, 2015

Line Item	Uncertainty Component	Value	Units	Distribution	Type	Divisor	Degrees Freedom (n-1)	Standard Uncertainty	Component Contribution %
1	HottRod Calibration Uncertainty	0.01000000	inches	normal	B	2.00	--	0.005	4
2	HottRod Resolution	0.06250000	inches	rectangular	B	1.73	--	0.036084392	32
3	Calibrated scale error	0.01562500	inches	rectangular	B	1.73	--	0.009021098	8
4	Calibrated butted error	0.01562500	inches	rectangular	B	1.73	--	0.009021098	8
5	Reproducibility Data	0.05210	inches	normal	A	1.00	551	0.05210	47
Combined Standard Unc u								0.064840217	100
Expanded Unc U (k=2)								0.129680434	
Expanded Unc U (k=3)								0.194520651	
Reported Uncertainty:		0.130		k=2	95.45% confidence level				
Reported Uncertainty:		0.195	(1/4")	k=3	99.73% confidence level				



Notes - document the basis for the data above:

- 1 Uncertainty of the calibration by Heusser Neweigh Certificate = 0.01 inches at 95.45% level of confidence (k=2)
- 2 HottRod scale resolution
- 3 Calibrated scale error of 1/64" as stated by Heusser Neweigh Certificate
- 4 Calibrated butted error of 1/64" as stated by Heusser Neweigh Certificate
- 5 Reproducibility data - highest standard deviation of the five guns measured

***Hott-Rods™ measure in fractions of an inch. These fractions have been converted to decimals for ease of calculations.

The estimation of uncertainty of measurement shall be evaluated annually and updated or revised as needed.

Revision History		
Version Number	Date	Reason
1	5/2/2013	Original Document
2	7/20/2015	Added uncertainty components of calibrated scale and butted errors, updated Reproducibility Study

Reproducibility Study Data

Month	Employee	Gun A	Employee	Gun B	Employee	Gun C	Employee	Gun D	Employee	Gun E
June 2012	1	8.12500	1	11.12500	5	18.06250	5	18.00000	9	23.87500
	2	8.12500	2	11.12500	6	18.12500	6	18.00000	10	23.90625
	3	8.12500	3	11.06250	7	18.06250	7	18.00000	11	23.93750
	4	8.12500	4	11.09375	8	18.06250	8	17.96875	12	23.93750
July 2012	5	8.15625	5	11.09375	9	18.06250	9	18.00000	1	23.93750
	6	8.25000	6	11.12500	10	18.06250	10	17.96875	2	23.93750
	7	8.12500	7	11.12500	11	18.12500	11	18.00000	3	23.93750
	8	8.12500	8	11.09375	12	18.06250	12	18.00000	4	23.87500
August 2012	9	8.12500	9	11.12500	1	18.12500	1	18.00000	5	23.87500
	10	8.12500	10	11.12500	2	18.06250	2	18.00000	6	24.00000
	11	8.18750	11	11.12500	3	18.06250	3	18.00000	7	23.93750
	12	8.12500	12	11.12500	4	18.06250	4	17.93750	8	23.90625
September 2012	2	8.12500	1	11.12500	5	18.06250	3	18.00000	4	23.93750
	4	8.18750	2	11.12500	7	18.25000	5	18.00000	6	24.00000
	8	8.15625	3	11.12500	10	18.06250	8	17.96875	11	23.93750
	12	8.12500	7	11.25000	11	18.06250	9	18.00000	12	23.93750
October 2012	1	8.12500	1	11.12500	5	18.06250	5	18.00000	9	23.93750
	2	8.09375	2	11.09375	6	18.00000	6	18.00000	10	23.93750
	3	8.18750	3	11.06250	7	18.12500	7	18.00000	11	23.93750
	4		4		8		8		12	
November 2012	5	8.12500	5	11.12500	9	18.06250	9	17.93750	1	24.00000
	6	8.12500	6	11.12500	10	18.06250	10	18.00000	2	23.93750
	7	8.25000	7	11.25000	11	18.06250	11	18.00000	3	23.93750
	8	8.18750	8	11.09375	12	18.06250	12	18.00000	4	23.87500
December 2012	9	8.18750	9	11.12500	13	18.06250	13	18.00000		
	10	8.12500	10	11.12500	1	18.12500	1	18.12500	5	23.93750
	11	8.12500	10	11.12500	2	18.06250	2	18.00000	6	24.00000
	12	8.12500	11	11.12500	3	18.06250	3	18.12500	7	23.75000
January 2013	13	8.12500	12	11.12500	4	18.12500	4	18.00000	8	23.93750
	4	8.18750	13	11.12500						
	6	8.12500	1	11.12500	3	18.06250	2	18.00000	1	23.93750
	9	8.12500	7	11.25000	5	18.06250	3	18.00000	2	23.93750
February 2013	11	8.12500	11	11.12500	6	18.12500	5	18.00000	9	23.93750
	12	8.12500	12	11.06250	8	18.06250	7	18.00000	10	23.93750
	13	8.18750	13	11.12500						
	1	8.37500	2	11.12500	2	18.06250	6	18.06250	3	23.93750
November- December 2014	8	8.18750	4	11.12500	7	18.12500	8	18.00000	4	23.93750
	10	8.12500	5	11.12500	9	18.06250	11	18.00000	5	23.93750
	12	8.12500	9	11.12500	10	18.06250	13	18.00000	6	24.00000
	13	8.18750	11	18.06250	11	18.06250	13	18.00000	12	23.93750
November- December 2014	1	8.12500	1	11.12500	1	18.00000	1	18.00000	1	23.93750
	2	8.18750	2	11.12500	2	18.06250	2	18.00000	2	23.93750
	3	8.18750	3	11.18750	3	18.06250	3	18.00000	3	23.93750
	4	8.18750	4	11.12500	4	18.06250	4	18.00000	4	23.93750
	5	8.12500	5	11.12500	5	18.06250	5	18.00000	5	23.93750
	6	8.12500	6	11.12500	6	18.06250	6	18.00000	6	23.93750
	8	8.18750	8	11.12500	8	18.06250	8	18.00000	8	23.93750
	11	8.12500	11	11.12500	11	18.06250	11	18.00000	11	23.93750
	13	8.18750	13	11.12500	13	18.06250	13	18.00000	13	23.93750
	14	8.12500	14	11.12500	14	18.12500	14	17.87500	14	23.87500
	15	8.12500	15	11.12500	15	18.00000	15	18.00000	15	23.93750
16	8.12500	16	11.12500	16	18.06250	16	18.00000	16	23.93750	
17	8.18750	17	11.12500	17	18.06250	17	18.00000	17	23.93750	

Month	Employee	Gun A	Employee	Gun B	Employee	Gun C	Employee	Gun D	Employee	Gun E	
January 2015	1	8.25000	1	11.12500	1	18.12500	1	18.00000	1	24.00000	
	2	8.18750	2	11.12500	2	18.12500	2	18.00000	2	23.93750	
	3	8.12500	3	11.12500	3	18.06250	3	18.00000	3	23.93750	
	4		4		4		4		4		
	5	8.12500	5	11.12500	5	18.06250	5	18.00000	5	23.93750	
	6	8.12500	6	11.06250	6	18.06250	6	18.00000	6	23.93750	
	8		8		8		8		8		
	11	8.12500	11	11.06250	11	18.06250	11	18.00000	11	23.93750	
	13	8.12500	13	11.12500	13	18.06250	13	18.00000	13	23.93750	
	14	8.12500	14	11.06250	14	18.06250	14	18.00000	14	23.93750	
	15	8.12500	15	11.12500	15	18.06250	15	18.00000	15	23.93750	
	16	8.12500	16	11.06250	16	18.06250	16	18.00000	16	23.93750	
	17	8.18750	17	11.12500	17	18.06250	17	18.00000	17	23.93750	
	March 2015	2	8.12500	2	11.12500	2	18.06250	2	18.00000	2	23.93750
		3	8.12500	3	11.06250	3	18.06250	3	18.00000	3	23.93750
		4		4		4		4		4	
		5	8.12500	5	11.12500	5	18.06250	5	18.00000	5	23.93750
6		8.12500	6	11.06250	6	18.06250	6	18.00000	6	23.93750	
8			8		8		8		8		
11		8.12500	11	11.12500	11	18.06250	11	18.00000	11	23.93750	
13		8.12500	13	11.12500	13	18.06250	13	18.00000	13	23.93750	
14		8.12500	14	11.06250	14	18.06250	14	18.00000	14	23.93750	
15		8.12500	15	11.12500	15	18.06250	15	18.00000	15	23.93750	
16		8.18750	16	11.12500	16	18.06250	16	17.93750	16	23.93750	
17		8.18750	17	11.12500	17	18.06250	17	18.06250	17	23.93750	
April 2015		2	8.18750	2	11.12500	2	18.06250	2	18.00000	2	23.93750
		3	8.12500	3	11.12500	3	18.06250	3	18.00000	3	23.93750
		5	8.12500	5	11.12500	5	18.06250	5	18.00000	5	23.93750
		6	8.12500	6	11.12500	6	18.00000	6	18.00000	6	23.93750
		8		8		8		8		8	
	11	8.12500	11	11.12500	11	18.06250	11	18.00000	11	23.93750	
	13	8.12500	13	11.12500	13	18.06250	13	18.00000	13	23.93750	
	14	8.12500	14	11.12500	14	18.06250	14	18.00000	14	23.93750	
	15	8.12500	15	11.12500	15	18.06250	15	18.00000	15	23.93750	
	16	8.12500	16	11.06250	16	18.06250	16	18.00000	16	23.93750	
	17	8.12500	17	11.12500	17	18.06250	17	18.00000	17	23.93750	
	May 2015	2	8.18750	2	11.12500	2	18.06250	2	18.00000	2	23.93750
		3	8.12500	3	11.12500	3	18.06250	3	18.00000	3	23.93750
		5	8.12500	5	11.12500	5	18.06250	5	18.00000	5	23.93750
		6	8.12500	6	11.12500	6	18.00000	6	18.00000	6	23.46875
		8	8.18750	8	11.12500	8	18.06250	8	18.00000	8	23.93750
		11	8.18750	11	11.12500	11	18.06250	11	18.00000	11	23.93750
13			13		13		13		13		
14		8.12500	14	11.12500	14	18.06250	14	18.00000	14	23.93750	
15		8.12500	15	11.12500	15	18.06250	15	18.00000	15	23.93750	
16		8.12500	16	11.06250	16	18.06250	16	17.93750	16	23.93750	
17		8.12500	17	11.12500	17	18.06250	17	18.00000	17	23.93750	
June 2015		2	8.18750	2	11.12500	2	18.06250	2	18.00000	2	23.93750
		3	8.12500	3	11.12500	3	18.06250	3	18.00000	3	23.93750
		5	8.12500	5	11.12500	5	18.06250	5	18.00000	5	23.93750
		6	8.12500	6	11.06250	6	18.00000	6	18.00000	6	23.93750
		11	8.12500	11	11.12500	11	18.06250	11	18.00000	11	23.93750
		13	8.12500	13	11.12500	13	18.06250	13	18.00000	13	23.93750
	14	8.12500	14	11.12500	14	18.06250	14	18.00000	14	23.93750	
	15	8.12500	15	11.06250	15	18.06250	15	18.00000	15	23.93750	
	16	8.12500	16	11.12500	16	18.06250	16	18.00000	16	23.93750	
	17	8.18750	17	11.12500	17	18.12500	17	18.00000	17	23.93750	

Month	Employee	Gun A	Employee	Gun B	Employee	Gun C	Employee	Gun D	Employee	Gun E	
July 2015	2	8.12500	2	11.12500	2	18.06250	2	18.00000	2	23.93750	
	3	8.12500	3	11.12500	3	18.06250	3	18.00000	3	23.93750	
	5	8.12500	5	11.12500	5	18.06250	5	18.00000	5	23.93750	
	6	8.25000	6	11.25000	6	18.00000	6	18.00000	6	23.93750	
	11	8.12500	11	11.12500	11	18.06250	11	18.00000	11	23.93750	
	13	8.12500	13	11.12500	13	18.06250	13	18.00000	13	23.93750	
	14	8.12500	14	11.12500	14	18.06250	14	18.00000	14	23.93750	
	15	8.12500	15	11.12500	15	18.06250	15	18.00000	15	23.93750	
	16	8.18750	16	11.12500	16	18.06250	16	18.00000	16	23.93750	
	17	8.18750	17	11.12500	17	18.12500	17	18.00000	17	23.93750	
		MIN	8.09375	MIN	11.06250	MIN	18.00000	MIN	17.87500	MIN	23.46875
		MAX	8.37500	MAX	11.25000	MAX	18.25000	MAX	18.12500	MAX	24.00000
		AVG	8.14668	AVG	11.12070	AVG	18.06757	AVG	17.99915	AVG	23.93153
		STDEV	0.04015	STDEV	0.03388	STDEV	0.03168	STDEV	0.02591	STDEV	0.05210

AVG STDEV 0.03674

***Hott-Rods™ measure in fractions of an inch. These fractions have been converted to decimals for ease of calculations.

Guns

- A FA 6931, Riverside Arms, 16 Gauge, single barrel shotgun, Serial Number SM211, Model Single Shot
- B FA 5500, NR Davis & Sons, 20 Gauge, double barrel shotgun, Serial Number 19032, Model Ajax
- C FA 952, Harrington & Richardson, 20 Gauge, single barrel shotgun, Serial Number A6252413, Model Topper 158
- D FA 3468, Remington, 12 Gauge, pump action shotgun, Serial Number W960694M, Model 870 Express
- E FA 7062, Marlin, 410 Gauge, single barrel shotgun, Serial Number KN113366, Model 200

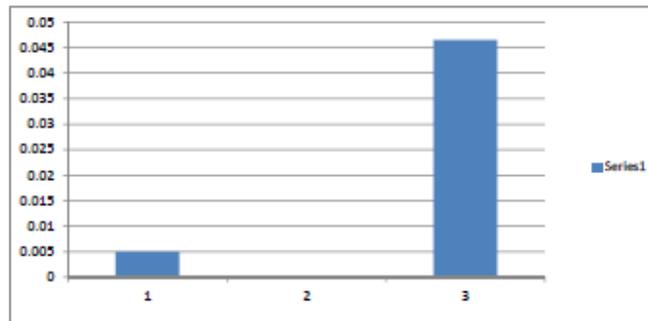
Attachment C: Uncertainty Budget, Overall Length using the DMD-48

North Carolina State Crime Laboratory
Physical Evidence Section
Firearms Unit
Uncertainty of Measurement Budget
Overall Length, DMD-48



Measurement: Overall Length using DMD-48
Range of measurement values: Up to ~39.5 inches
Procedure name: Technical Procedure for Firearm Examination
Budget prepared by: Jessica L. R. Pappas
Date Prepared: July 20, 2015

Line Item	Uncertainty Component	Value	Units	Distribution	Type	Divisor	Degrees Freedom (n-1)	Standard Uncertainty	Component Contribution %	
1	DMD-48 Calibration Uncertainty	0.01000000	inches	normal	B	2.00	∞	0.005	10	
2	DMD-48 Resolution	0.00010000	inches	rectangular	B	1.73	∞	5.7735E-05	0	
3	Reproducibility Study	0.0465	inches	normal	A	1.00	358	0.0465	90	
Combined Standard Unc								u	0.04676808	100
Expanded Unc								U (k=2)	0.093536161	
Expanded Unc								U (k=3)	0.140304241	
Reported Uncertainty:		0.094		k=2	95.45% confidence level					
Reported Uncertainty:		0.140	(0.14")	k=3	99.73% confidence level					



Notes - document the basis for the data above:

- 1 Uncertainty of the calibration by Cal Tec Labs of Ohio Certificate = 0.01 inches at 95.45% level of confidence (k=2)
- 2 DMD-48 scale resolution
- 3 Reproducibility data - highest standard deviation of the four guns measured

The estimation of uncertainty of measurement shall be evaluated annually and updated or revised as needed.

Revision History		
Version Number	Date	Reason
1	5/2/2013	Original Document
2	7/20/2015	Updated Reproducibility Study

Reproducibility Study Data

Month	Employee	Gun A	Employee	Gun B	Employee	Gun C	Employee	Gun D
September 2012	2	14.56	1	19.78	5	32.97	3	35.83
	4	14.56	2	19.73	7	32.94	5	35.82
	8	14.57	3	19.79	10	32.96	8	35.84
	12	14.54	7	19.77	11	32.96	9	35.83
October 2012	1		1		5	32.96	5	35.87
	2	14.58	2	19.77	6		6	
	3	14.58	3	19.76	7		7	
	4	14.56	4	19.80	8	32.96	8	35.84
November 2012	5		5		9		9	
	6		6		10		10	
	7		7		11		11	
	8	14.60	8	19.76	12		12	
December 2012	9		9		13		13	
	10		10		1		1	
	11		11		2		2	
	12		12		3		3	
	13		13		4	32.96	4	35.84
January 2013	4	14.57	1	19.74	3	32.95	2	35.83
	6	14.52	7	19.68	5	32.95	3	35.83
	9	14.52	11	19.73	6	32.96	5	35.84
	11	14.50	12	19.74	8	33.02	7	35.85
February 2013			13	19.76				
	1	14.52	2	19.74	2	32.94	6	35.80
	8	14.57	4	19.75	7	32.98	8	35.83
	10	14.59	5	19.78	9	32.94	11	35.84
	12	14.49	9	19.70	10	33.10	13	35.83
	13	14.57			11	32.97		
November- December 2014	1	14.52	1	19.77	1	33.03	1	35.43
	2	14.53	2	19.77	2	32.97	2	35.83
	3	14.57	3	19.75	3	32.94	3	35.84
	4	14.58	4		4	32.95	4	35.85
	5	14.50	5	19.73	5	32.96	5	35.85
	6	14.52	6	19.77	6	32.94	6	35.83
	8	14.61	8		8	32.99	8	35.84
	11	14.58	11	19.77	11	33.01	11	35.84
	13	14.54	13	19.74	13	32.93	13	35.83
	14	14.57	14	19.78	14	32.94	14	35.83
	15	14.57	15	19.75	15	32.94	15	35.84
	16	14.59	16	19.74	16	32.96	16	35.84
	17	14.56	17	19.74	17	32.95	17	35.84

Month	Employee	Gun A	Employee	Gun B	Employee	Gun C	Employee	Gun D	
January 2015	1	14.50	1	19.73	1	32.97	1	35.87	
	2	14.58	2	19.76	2	32.95	2	35.81	
	3	14.51	3	19.76	3	32.95	3	35.83	
	4		4		4		4		
	5	14.56	5	19.72	5	33.00	5	35.85	
	6	14.52	6	19.92	6	32.96	6	35.84	
	8		8		8		8		
	11	14.54	11	19.76	11	32.97	11	35.82	
	13	14.54	13	19.74	13	32.94	13	35.83	
	14	14.54	14	19.79	14	32.96	14	35.83	
	15	14.52	15	19.76	15	32.94	15	35.84	
	16	14.51	16	19.72	16	32.97	16	35.83	
	17	14.51	17	19.76	17	32.93	17	35.84	
	March 2015	2	14.58	2	19.79	2	32.99	2	35.86
		3	14.51	3	19.73	3	32.95	3	35.85
		4		4		4		4	
		5	14.51	5	19.73	5	32.96	5	35.83
6		14.52	6	19.85	6	32.97	6	35.88	
8			8		8		8		
11		14.61	11	19.66	11	33.01	11	35.78	
13		14.58	13	19.76	13	32.94	13	35.82	
14		14.51	14	19.76	14	32.96	14	35.84	
15		14.56	15	19.72	15	32.96	15	35.83	
16		14.49	16	19.70	16	32.93	16	35.81	
17		14.58	17	19.72	17	33.00	17	35.83	
April 2015		2	14.58	2	19.76	2	32.96	2	35.84
		3	14.49	3	19.73	3	32.93	3	35.82
		5	14.52	5	19.73	5	33.00	5	35.86
		6	14.49	6	19.76	6	32.91	6	35.84
		8		8		8		8	
	11	14.65	11	19.79	11	33.05	11	35.85	
	13	14.57	13	19.73	13	32.97	13	35.83	
	14	14.51	14	19.74	14	32.95	14	35.83	
	15	14.53	15	19.71	15	32.95	15	35.83	
	16	14.50	16	19.75	16	32.95	16	35.83	
	17	14.53	17	19.81	17	32.97	17	35.83	
	May 2015	2	14.58	2	19.78	2	32.95	2	35.84
		3	14.51	3	19.75	3	32.95	3	35.85
		5	14.51	5	19.73	5	32.99	5	35.85
		6	14.53	6	19.74	6	32.97	6	35.83
		8	14.61	8	19.73	8	32.96	8	35.86
		11	14.61	11	19.77	11	33.00	11	35.83
13			13		13		13		
14		14.53	14	19.77	14	32.95	14	35.83	
15		14.52	15	19.72	15	32.96	15	35.83	
16		14.49	16	19.72	16	32.92	16	35.83	
17		14.64	17	19.75	17	32.95	17	35.83	

Month	Employee	Gun A	Employee	Gun B	Employee	Gun C	Employee	Gun D
June 2015	2	14.57	2	19.76	2	32.97	2	35.83
	3	14.50	3	19.71	3	32.96	3	35.84
	5	14.51	5	19.76	5	32.99	5	35.87
	6	14.50	6	19.73	6	33.00	6	35.86
	11	14.53	11	19.74	11	33.09	11	35.85
	13	14.57	13	19.73	13	32.96	13	35.83
	14	14.53	14	19.78	14	32.95	14	35.83
	15	14.51	15	19.79	15	32.96	15	35.83
	16	14.49	16	19.73	16	32.96	16	35.87
	17	14.60	17	19.76	17	33.03	17	35.85
July 2015	2	14.54	2	19.74	2	32.96	2	35.84
	3	14.51	3	19.73	3	32.96	3	35.85
	5	14.50	5	19.72	5	32.96	5	35.87
	6	14.51	6	19.72	6	32.89	6	35.90
	11	14.58	11	19.69	11	33.01	11	35.82
	13	14.58	13	19.71	13	32.96	13	35.83
	14	14.50	14	19.77	14	32.95	14	35.84
	15	14.52	15	19.73	15	32.96	15	35.83
	16	14.46	16	19.71	16	32.93	16	35.82
	17	14.51	17	19.75	17	33.01	17	35.86
	MIN	14.46	MIN	19.66	MIN	32.89	MIN	35.43
	MAX	14.65	MAX	19.92	MAX	33.10	MAX	35.90
	AVG	14.5422	AVG	19.7490	AVG	32.9660	AVG	35.8336
	STDEV	0.0389	STDEV	0.0346	STDEV	0.0330	STDEV	0.0465

AVG STDEV 0.0382

Guns

- A FA 6931, Riverside Arms, 16 Gauge, single barrel shotgun, Serial Number SM211, Model Single Shot
- B FA 5500, NR Davis & Sons, 20 Gauge, double barrel shotgun, Serial Number 19032, Model Ajax
- C FA 952, Harrington & Richardson, 20 Gauge, single barrel shotgun, Serial Number A6252413, Model Topper 158
- D FA 3468, Remington, 12 Gauge, pump action shotgun, Serial Number W960694M, Model 870 Express

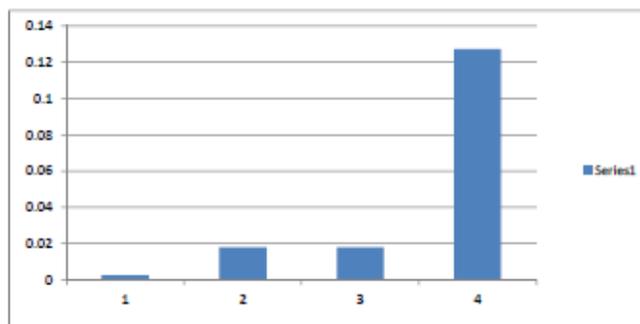
Attachment D: Uncertainty Budget, Overall Length using a NIST-traceable ruler

North Carolina State Crime Laboratory
Physical Evidence Section
Firearms Unit
Uncertainty of Measurement Budget
Overall Length, Ruler



Measurement: Overall Length using NIST-traceable Ruler
Range of measurement values: Up to 36 inches
Procedure name: Technical Procedure for Firearm Examination
Budget prepared by: Jessica L. R. Pappas
Date Prepared: July 20, 2015

Line Item	Uncertainty Component	Value	Units	Distribution	Type	Divisor	Degrees Freedom (n-1)	Standard Uncertainty	Component Contribution %
1	Ruler Calibration Uncertainty	0.00500000	inches	normal	B	2.00	∞	0.0025	2
2	Ruler Resolution	0.03125000	inches	rectangular	B	1.73	∞	0.018042196	11
3	Length scale readability at zero	0.03125000	inches	rectangular	B	1.73	∞	0.018042196	11
4	Reproducibility Data	0.12738	inches	normal	A	1.00	319	0.12738	77
Combined Standard Unc u								0.12993443	100
Expanded Unc U (k=2)								0.25986886	
Expanded Unc U (k=3)								0.38980329	
Reported Uncertainty:		0.260		k=2	95.45% confidence level				
Reported Uncertainty:		0.390	(13/32")	k=3	99.73% confidence level				



Notes - document the basis for the data above:

- 1 Uncertainty of the calibration by Heusser Neweigh Certificate = 0.005 inches at 95% level of confidence (k=2)
- 2 Ruler scale resolution
- 3 Length scale readability at zero (1/32")
- 4 Reproducibility data - highest standard deviation of the four guns measured

***Rulers measure in fractions of an inch. These fractions have been converted to decimals for ease of calculations.

The estimation of uncertainty of measurement shall be evaluated annually and updated or revised as needed.

Revision History		
Version Number	Date	Reason
1	5/2/2013	Original Document
2	7/20/2015	Added uncertainty component of length scale readability at zero, updated Reproducibility Study

Reproducibility Study Data

Month	Employee	Gun A	Employee	Gun B	Employee	Gun C	Employee	Gun D
June 2012	1	14.37500	1	19.50000	5	33.06250	5	35.81250
	2	14.62500	2	19.78125	6	32.25000	6	35.93750
	3	14.62500	3	19.75000	7	33.06250	7	35.75000
	4	14.25000	4	19.37500	8	32.62500	8	35.50000
July 2012	5	14.62500	5	19.75000	9	32.93750	9	35.75000
	6	14.50000	6	19.34375	10	32.93750	10	35.78125
	7	14.37500	7	19.75000	11	33.12500	11	35.87500
	8	14.43750	8	19.62500	12	33.00000	12	35.68750
August 2012	9	14.50000	9	19.75000	1	32.87500	1	35.75000
	10	14.56250	10	19.68750	2	33.00000	2	35.93750
	11	14.50000	11	19.75000	3	33.12500	3	35.90625
	12	14.56250	12	19.68750	4	32.81250	4	35.75000
September 2012	2	14.56250	1	19.62500	5	33.00000	3	35.93750
	4	14.53125	2	19.75000	7	32.87500	5	35.75000
	8	14.56250	3	19.68750	10	32.93750	8	35.87500
	12	14.50000	7	19.75000	11	33.12500	9	35.71875
October 2012	1	14.50000	1	19.75000	5	32.93750	5	35.87500
	2	14.56250	2	19.75000	6	33.12500	6	36.00000
	3	14.62500	3	19.68750	7	33.18750	7	35.87500
	4		4		8		8	
November 2012	5	14.50000	5	19.75000	9	32.87500	9	35.75000
	6	14.12500	6	19.31250	10	32.87500	10	35.75000
	7	14.75000	7	20.00000	11	32.96875	11	35.81250
	8	14.43750	8	19.62500	12	32.87500	12	35.75000
December 2012					13	32.90625	13	35.81250
	9	14.43750	9	19.81250	1	32.87500	1	35.87500
	10	14.56250	10	19.62500	2	33.00000	2	35.90625
	11	14.56250	11	19.71875	3	33.06250	3	35.81250
	12	14.62500	12	19.68750	4	33.00000	4	35.62500
January 2013			13	19.75000				
	4	14.50000	1	19.62500	3	32.84375	2	35.87500
	6	14.50000	7	19.75000	5	33.06250	3	35.87500
	9	14.50000	11	19.65625	6	33.06250	5	35.93750
	11	14.53125	12	19.68750	8	33.03125	7	35.87500
February 2013			13	19.75000				
	1	14.50000	2	19.78125	2	33.18750	6	36.00000
	8	14.53125	4	19.75000	7	33.25000	8	35.75000
	10	14.56250	5	19.75000	9	32.87500	11	35.90625
	12	14.50000	9	19.68750	10	32.93750	13	35.87500
				11	32.93750			

Month	Employee	Gun A	Employee	Gun B	Employee	Gun C	Employee	Gun D	
November- December 2014	1	14.75000	1	19.87500	1	33.00000	1	35.75000	
	2	14.62500	2	19.81250	2	33.06250	2	35.81250	
	3	14.56250	3	19.68750	3	32.93750	3	35.78125	
	4	14.62500	4		4	33.12500	4	35.87500	
	5	14.50000	5	19.75000	5	33.00000	5	35.87500	
	6	14.50000	6	19.50000	6	33.00000	6	35.50000	
	8	14.62500	8		8	33.00000	8	35.81250	
	11	14.62500	11	19.75000	11	33.06250	11	35.81250	
	13	14.50000	13	19.68750	13	32.87500	13	35.81250	
	14	14.56250	14	19.68750	14	33.00000	14	35.93750	
	15	14.56250	15	19.71875	15	33.00000	15	35.84375	
	16	14.56250	16	19.65625	16	33.28125	16	35.81250	
	17	14.53125	17	19.75000	17	33.03125	17	35.84375	
	January 2015	1	14.50000	1	19.50000	1	33.25000	1	35.87500
		2	14.50000	2	19.75000	2	33.00000	2	35.81250
		3	14.68750	3	19.68750	3	32.93750	3	35.87500
		4		4		4		4	
5		14.50000	5	19.75000	5	32.93750	5	36.00000	
6		14.00000	6	19.50000	6	32.96875	6	35.50000	
8			8		8		8		
11		14.56250	11	19.78125	11	33.12500	11	35.75000	
13		14.56250	13	19.75000	13	33.00000	13	35.87500	
14		14.56250	14	19.87500	14	33.06250	14	35.81250	
15		14.53125	15	19.56250	15	32.93750	15	35.78125	
16		14.50000	16	19.62500	16	32.90625	16	35.84375	
17		14.00000	17	19.71875	17	33.25000	17	35.87500	
March 2015		2	14.56250	2	19.75000	2	32.93750	2	35.81250
		3	14.56250	3	19.62500	3	32.93750	3	35.81250
		4		4		4		4	
		5	14.31250	5	19.75000	5	33.00000	5	35.93750
	6	14.50000	6	19.90625	6	33.00000	6	36.00000	
	8		8		8		8		
	11	14.40625	11	19.65625	11	32.87500	11	35.81250	
	13	14.53125	13	19.75000	13	33.00000	13	35.81250	
	14	14.56250	14	19.75000	14	32.93750	14	35.87500	
	15	14.50000	15	19.62500	15	32.93750	15	35.78125	
	16	14.53125	16	19.75000	16	33.06250	16	35.78125	
	17	14.53125	17	19.68750	17	32.90625	17	35.84375	
	April 2015	2	14.53125	2	19.71875	2	32.96875	2	35.78125
		3	14.43750	3	19.75000	3	32.93750	3	35.93750
		5	14.31250	5	19.68750	5	32.93750	5	35.87500
		6	14.50000	6	19.75000	6	32.90625	6	35.50000
		8		8		8		8	
11		14.53125	11	19.75000	11	33.03125	11	35.81250	
13		14.50000	13	19.75000	13	32.93750	13	35.81250	
14		14.62500	14	19.75000	14	33.06250	14	35.81250	
15		14.50000	15	19.68750	15	32.81250	15	35.78125	
16		14.43750	16	19.65625	16	33.03125	16	35.71875	
17		14.53125	17	19.71875	17	32.93750	17	35.75000	

Month	Employee	Gun A	Employee	Gun B	Employee	Gun C	Employee	Gun D
May 2015	2	14.59375	2	19.68750	2	33.00000	2	35.81250
	3	14.50000	3	19.68750	3	32.93750	3	35.87500
	5	14.56250	5	19.75000	5	33.06250	5	35.87500
	6	14.50000	6	19.75000	6	32.50000	6	35.53125
	8	14.53125	8	19.65625	8	32.96875	8	35.87500
	11	14.56250	11	19.81250	11	32.97222	11	35.81250
	13		13		13		13	
	14	14.56250	14	19.81250	14	33.06250	14	35.93750
	15	14.56250	15	19.62500	15	32.93750	15	35.78125
	16	14.56250	16	19.81250	16	33.00000	16	35.81250
17	14.59375	17	19.25000	17	32.93750	17	35.81250	
June 2015	2	14.53125	2	19.68750	2	33.00000	2	35.75000
	3	14.56250	3	19.62500	3	32.93750	3	35.87500
	5	14.56250	5	19.81250	5	33.00000	5	35.87500
	6	14.50000	6	19.75000	6	33.00000	6	35.75000
	11	14.46875	11	19.62500	11	32.93750	11	35.87500
	13	14.50000	13	19.75000	13	33.00000	13	35.81250
	14	14.62500	14	19.75000	14	32.87500	14	35.81250
	15	14.56250	15	19.71875	15	32.93750	15	35.81250
	16	14.50000	16	19.78125	16	33.06250	16	35.78125
	17	14.46875	17	19.71875	17	32.90625	17	35.75000
July 2015	2	14.50000	2	19.75000	2	32.93750	2	35.87500
	3	14.56250	3	19.75000	3	32.93750	3	35.87500
	5	14.62500	5	19.75000	5	33.00000	5	35.87500
	6	14.50000	6	19.75000	6	32.96875	6	35.96875
	11	14.46875	11	19.68750	11	32.93750	11	35.84375
	13	14.50000	13	19.75000	13	32.93750	13	35.87500
	14	14.68750	14	19.81250	14	32.93750	14	35.87500
	15	14.50000	15	19.68750	15	32.93750	15	35.87500
	16	14.53125	16	19.71875	16	32.93750	16	35.78125
	17	14.53125	17	19.78125	17	32.93750	17	35.81250
	MIN	14.00000	MIN	19.25000	MIN	32.25000	MIN	35.50000
	MAX	14.75000	MAX	20.00000	MAX	33.28125	MAX	36.00000
	AVG	14.51886	AVG	19.70470	AVG	32.97329	AVG	35.82045
	STDEV	0.10974	STDEV	0.10788	STDEV	0.12738	STDEV	0.09740

AVG STDEV 0.11060

**Rulers measure in fractions of an inch. These fractions have been converted to decimals for ease of calculations.

Guns

- A FA 6931, Riverside Arms, 16 Gauge, single barrel shotgun, Serial Number SM211, Model Single Shot
- B FA 5500, NR Davis & Sons, 20 Gauge, double barrel shotgun, Serial Number 19032, Model Ajax
- C FA 952, Harrington & Richardson, 20 Gauge, single barrel shotgun, Serial Number A6252413, Model Topper 158
- D FA 3468, Remington, 12 Gauge, pump action shotgun, Serial Number W960694M, Model 870 Express